MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165 Telephone: (212) 317-1200 Facsimile: (212) 317-1620

Attorneys for Plaintiff

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

RICHARD PEREZ, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

COMPLAINT

-against-

BAILEY SEAFOOD MARKET & RESTAURANT CORP. (D/B/A BAILEY SEAFOOD KUCHIFRITO RESTAURANT), IRENE JIMENEZ, and CHRISTIAN JIMENEZ,

COLLECTIVE ACTION UNDER 29 U.S.C. § 216(b)

ECF Case

Defendants.
>

Plaintiff Richard Perez ("Plaintiff Perez" or "Mr. Perez"), individually and on behalf of others similarly situated, by and through his attorneys, Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C., upon his knowledge and belief, and as against Bailey Seafood Market & Restaurant Corp. (d/b/a Bailey Seafood Kuchifrito Restaurant), ("Defendant Corporation"), Irene Jimenez and Christian Jimenez, ("Individual Defendants"), (collectively, "Defendants"), alleges as follows:

NATURE OF ACTION

1. Plaintiff Perez is a former employee of Defendants Bailey Seafood Market & Restaurant Corp. (d/b/a Bailey Seafood Kuchifrito Restaurant), Irene Jimenez, and Christian Jimenez.

- 2. Defendants own, operate, or control a seafood restaurant, located at 146 W 231st St, Bronx, NY 10463 under the name "Bailey Seafood Kuchifrito Restaurant".
- 3. Upon information and belief, individual Defendants Irene Jimenez and Christian Jimenez, serve or served as owners, managers, principals, or agents of Defendant Corporation and, through this corporate entity, operate or operated the restaurant as a joint or unified enterprise.
- 4. Plaintiff Perez was employed as a cook at the restaurant located at 146 W 231st St, Bronx, NY 10463.
- 5. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Plaintiff Perez worked for Defendants in excess of 40 hours per week, without appropriate minimum wage, overtime, and spread of hours compensation for the hours that he worked.
- 6. Rather, Defendants failed to maintain accurate recordkeeping of the hours worked and failed to pay Plaintiff Perez appropriately for any hours worked, either at the straight rate of pay or for any additional overtime premium.
- 7. Further, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff Perez the required "spread of hours" pay for any day in which he had to work over 10 hours a day.
- 8. Defendants' conduct extended beyond Plaintiff Perez to all other similarly situated employees.
- 9. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendants maintained a policy and practice of requiring Plaintiff Perez and other employees to work in excess of forty (40) hours per week without providing the minimum wage and overtime compensation required by federal and state law and regulations.
- 10. Plaintiff Perez now brings this action on behalf of himself, and other similarly situated individuals, for unpaid minimum and overtime wages pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards

Act of 1938, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq. ("FLSA"), and for violations of the N.Y. Labor Law §§ 190 et seq. and 650 et seq. (the "NYLL"), and the "spread of hours" and overtime wage orders of the New York Commissioner of Labor codified at N.Y. COMP. CODES R. & REGS. tit. 12, § 146-1.6 (herein the "Spread of Hours Wage Order"), including applicable liquidated damages, interest, attorneys' fees and costs.

11. Plaintiff Perez seeks certification of this action as a collective action on behalf of himself, individually, and all other similarly situated employees and former employees of Defendants pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 12. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question) and the FLSA, and supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff Perez's state law claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 13. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c) because all, or a substantial portion of, the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district, Defendants maintain their corporate headquarters and offices within this district, and Defendants operate a seafood restaurant located in this district. Further, Plaintiff Perez was employed by Defendants in this district.

PARTIES

Plaintiff

- 14. Plaintiff Richard Perez ("Plaintiff Perez" or "Mr. Perez") is an adult individual residing in Queens County, New York.
- 15. Plaintiff Perez was employed by Defendants at Bailey Seafood Kuchifrito Restaurant from approximately April 2020 until on or about October 14, 2021.

16. Plaintiff Perez consents to being a party plaintiff pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), and brings these claims based upon the allegations herein as a representative party of a prospective class of similarly situated individuals under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

Defendants

- 17. At all relevant times, Defendants owned, operated, or controlled a seafood restaurant, located at 146 W 231st St, Bronx, NY 10463 under the name "Bailey Seafood Kuchifrito Restaurant".
- 18. Upon information and belief, Bailey Seafood Market & Restaurant Corp. (d/b/a Bailey Seafood Kuchifrito Restaurant) is a domestic corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York. Upon information and belief, it maintains its principal place of business at 146 W 231st St, Bronx, NY 10463.
- 19. Defendant Irene Jimenez is an individual engaging (or who was engaged) in business in this judicial district during the relevant time period. Defendant Irene Jimenez is sued individually in her capacity as owner, officer and/or agent of Defendant Corporation. Defendant Irene Jimenez possesses operational control over Defendant Corporation, an ownership interest in Defendant Corporation, and controls significant functions of Defendant Corporation. She determines the wages and compensation of the employees of Defendants, including Plaintiff Perez, establishes the schedules of the employees, maintains employee records, and has the authority to hire and fire employees.
- 20. Defendant Christian Jimenez is an individual engaging (or who was engaged) in business in this judicial district during the relevant time period. Defendant Christian Jimenez is sued individually in his capacity as owner, officer and/or agent of Defendant Corporation. Defendant Christian Jimenez possesses operational control over Defendant Corporation, an ownership interest

in Defendant Corporation, and controls significant functions of Defendant Corporation. He determines the wages and compensation of the employees of Defendants, including Plaintiff Perez, establishes the schedules of the employees, maintains employee records, and has the authority to hire and fire employees.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

Defendants Constitute Joint Employers

- 21. Defendants operate a seafood restaurant located in the Marble Hill section of the Bronx.
- 22. Individual Defendants, Irene Jimenez and Christian Jimenez, possess operational control over Defendant Corporation, possess ownership interests in Defendant Corporation, and control significant functions of Defendant Corporation.
- 23. Defendants are associated and joint employers, act in the interest of each other with respect to employees, pay employees by the same method, and share control over the employees.
- 24. Each Defendant possessed substantial control over Plaintiff Perez's (and other similarly situated employees') working conditions, and over the policies and practices with respect to the employment and compensation of Plaintiff Perez, and all similarly situated individuals, referred to herein.
- 25. Defendants jointly employed Plaintiff Perez (and all similarly situated employees) and are Plaintiff Perez's (and all similarly situated employees') employers within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. 201 *et seq.* and the NYLL.
- 26. In the alternative, Defendants constitute a single employer of Plaintiff Perez and/or similarly situated individuals.

- 27. Upon information and belief, Individual Defendants Irene Jimenez and Christian Jimenez operate Defendant Corporation as either an alter ego of themselves and/or failed to operate Defendant Corporation as an entity legally separate and apart from themselves, by among other things:
 - a) failing to adhere to the corporate formalities necessary to operate Defendant Corporation as a Corporation,
 - b) defectively forming or maintaining the corporate entity of Defendant Corporation,
 by, amongst other things, failing to hold annual meetings or maintaining appropriate corporate records,
 - c) transferring assets and debts freely as between all Defendants,
 - d) operating Defendant Corporation for their own benefit as the sole or majority shareholders,
 - e) operating Defendant Corporation for their own benefit and maintaining control over this corporation as a closed corporation,
 - f) intermingling assets and debts of their own with Defendant Corporation,
 - g) diminishing and/or transferring assets of Defendant Corporation to avoid full liability as necessary to protect their own interests, and
 - h) Other actions evincing a failure to adhere to the corporate form.
- 28. At all relevant times, Defendants were Plaintiff Perez's employers within the meaning of the FLSA and New York Labor Law. Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiff Perez, controlled the terms and conditions of employment, and determined the rate and method of any compensation in exchange for Plaintiff Perez's services.

- 29. in each year from 2020 to 2021, Defendants, both separately and jointly, had a gross annual volume of sales of not less than \$500,000 (exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level that are separately stated).
- 30. In addition, upon information and belief, Defendants and/or their enterprise were directly engaged in interstate commerce. As an example, numerous items that were used in the restaurant on a daily basis are goods produced outside of the State of New York.

Individual Plaintiff

- 31. Plaintiff Perez is a former employee of Defendants who was employed as a cook.
- 32. Plaintiff Perez seeks to represent a class of similarly situated individuals under 29 U.S.C. 216(b).

Plaintiff Richard Perez

- 33. Plaintiff Perez was employed by Defendants from approximately April 2020 until on or about October 14, 2021.
 - 34. Defendants employed Plaintiff Perez as a cook.
- 35. Plaintiff Perez regularly handled goods in interstate commerce, such as food and other supplies produced outside the State of New York.
 - 36. Plaintiff Perez's work duties required neither discretion nor independent judgment.
- 37. Throughout his employment with Defendants, Plaintiff Perez regularly worked in excess of 40 hours per week.
- 38. From approximately April 1, 2020 until on or about April 7, 2020, Plaintiff Perez worked from approximately 7:00 a.m. until on or about 3:00 p.m., 6 days a week (typically 48 hours per week).

- 39. From approximately April 7, 2020 until on or about November 2020, Plaintiff Perez worked from approximately 7:00 a.m. until on or about 4:00 p.m., 6 days a week (typically 54 hours per week).
- 40. From approximately December 1, 2020 until on or about December 15, 2020, Plaintiff Perez worked from approximately 7:00 a.m. until on or about 6:00 p.m., 6 days a week (typically 66 hours per week).
- 41. From approximately December 16, 2020 until on or about December 31, 2020, Plaintiff Perez worked from approximately 7:00 a.m. until on or about 6:30 p.m., 7 days a week (typically 80.5 hours per week).
- 42. From approximately January 2021 until on or about June 2021, Plaintiff Perez worked from approximately 7:00 a.m. until on or about 4:00 p.m., 6 days a week (typically 54 hours per week).
- 43. From approximately July 1, 2021 until on or about July 7, 2021, Plaintiff Perez worked from approximately 7:00 a.m. until on or about 6:30 p.m., 7 days a week (typically 80.5 hours per week).
- 44. From approximately July 8, 2021 until on or about October 14, 2021, Plaintiff Perez worked from approximately 7:00 a.m. until on or about 4:00 p.m., 6 days a week (typically 54 hours per week).
 - 45. Throughout his employment, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez his wages in cash.
- 46. From approximately April 1, 2020 until on or about April 30, 2021, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez a fixed salary of \$750 per week.
- 47. From approximately May 2020 until on or about October 14, 2021, Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez a fixed salary of \$800 per week.

- 48. For approximately two weeks in December 2020 and approximately one week in July 2021 Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez a fixed salary of \$930 per week.
- 49. Plaintiff Perez's pay did not vary even when he was required to stay later or work a longer day than his usual schedule.
- 50. For example, Defendants required Plaintiff Perez to work an additional 1 hour past his scheduled departure time every day, and did not pay him for the additional time he worked.
 - 51. Defendants never granted Plaintiff Perez any breaks or meal periods of any kind.
- 52. Plaintiff Perez was not required to keep track of his time, nor to his knowledge, did the Defendants utilize any time tracking device such as punch cards, that accurately reflected his actual hours worked.
- 53. No notification, either in the form of posted notices or other means, was ever given to Plaintiff Perez regarding overtime and wages under the FLSA and NYLL.
- 54. Defendants did not provide Plaintiff Perez an accurate statement of wages, as required by NYLL 195(3).
- 55. Defendants did not give any notice to Plaintiff Perez, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiff Perez's primary language), of his rate of pay, employer's regular pay day, and such other information as required by NYLL §195(1).

Defendants' General Employment Practices

56. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendants maintained a policy and practice of requiring Plaintiff Perez (and all similarly situated employees) to work in excess of 40 hours a week without paying him appropriate minimum wage, spread of hours pay, and overtime compensation as required by federal and state laws.

- 57. Plaintiff Perez was a victim of Defendants' common policy and practices which violate his rights under the FLSA and New York Labor Law by, *inter alia*, not paying him the wages he was owed for the hours he worked.
- 58. Defendants' pay practices resulted in Plaintiff Perez not receiving payment for all his hours worked, and resulted in Plaintiff Perez's effective rate of pay falling below the required minimum wage rate.
- 59. Defendants habitually required Plaintiff Perez to work additional hours beyond his regular shifts but did not provide him with any additional compensation.
- 60. Defendants willfully disregarded and purposefully evaded recordkeeping requirements of the FLSA and NYLL by failing to maintain accurate and complete timesheets and payroll records.
 - 61. Defendants paid Plaintiff Perez his wages in cash.
- 62. Defendants failed to post at the workplace, or otherwise provide to employees, the required postings or notices to employees regarding the applicable wage and hour requirements of the FLSA and NYLL.
- 63. Upon information and belief, these practices by Defendants were done willfully to disguise the actual number of hours Plaintiff Perez (and similarly situated individuals) worked, and to avoid paying Plaintiff Perez properly for his full hours worked.
- 64. Defendants engaged in their unlawful conduct pursuant to a corporate policy of minimizing labor costs and denying employees compensation by knowingly violating the FLSA and NYLL.
- 65. Defendants' unlawful conduct was intentional, willful, in bad faith, and caused significant damages to Plaintiff Perez and other similarly situated former workers.

- 66. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff Perez and other employees with accurate wage statements at the time of their payment of wages, containing: the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage; net wages; the regular hourly rate or rates of pay; the overtime rate or rates of pay; the number of regular hours worked; and the number of overtime hours worked, as required by NYLL §195(3).
- 67. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff Perez and other employees, at the time of hiring and on or before February 1 of each subsequent year, a statement in English and the employees' primary language, containing: the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage, including tip, meal, or lodging allowances; the regular pay day designated by the employer; the name of the employer; any "doing business as" names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; and the telephone number of the employer, as required by New York Labor Law §195(1).

FLSA COLLECTIVE ACTION CLAIMS

- 68. Plaintiff Perez brings his FLSA minimum wage, overtime compensation, and liquidated damages claims as a collective action pursuant to FLSA Section 16(b), 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), on behalf of all similarly situated persons (the "FLSA Class members"), i.e., persons who are or were employed by Defendants or any of them, on or after the date that is three years before the filing of the complaint in this case (the "FLSA Class Period").
- 69. At all relevant times, Plaintiff Perez and other members of the FLSA Class were similarly situated in that they had substantially similar job requirements and pay provisions, and

have been subject to Defendants' common practices, policies, programs, procedures, protocols and plans including willfully failing and refusing to pay them the required minimum wage, overtime pay at a one and one-half their regular rates for work in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek under the FLSA, and willfully failing to keep records under the FLSA.

70. The claims of Plaintiff Perez stated herein are similar to those of the other employees.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE MINIMUM WAGE PROVISIONS OF THE FLSA

- 71. Plaintiff Perez repeats and realleges all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 72. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were Plaintiff Perez's employers within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d). Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiff Perez (and the FLSA Class Members), controlled the terms and conditions of their employment, and determined the rate and method of any compensation in exchange for their employment.
- 73. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were engaged in commerce or in an industry or activity affecting commerce.
- 74. Defendants constitute an enterprise within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203 (r-s).
- 75. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff Perez (and the FLSA Class members) at the applicable minimum hourly rate, in violation of 29 U.S.C. § 206(a).
- 76. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff Perez (and the FLSA Class members) at the applicable minimum hourly rate was willful within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).

77. Plaintiff Perez (and the FLSA Class members) were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE OVERTIME PROVISIONS OF THE FLSA

- 78. Plaintiff Perez repeats and realleges all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 79. Defendants, in violation of 29 U.S.C. § 207(a)(1), failed to pay Plaintiff Perez (and the FLSA Class members) overtime compensation at a rate of one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a work week.
- 80. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff Perez (and the FLSA Class members), overtime compensation was willful within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).
- 81. Plaintiff Perez (and the FLSA Class members)were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK MINIMUM WAGE ACT

- 82. Plaintiff Perez repeats and realleges all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 83. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were Plaintiff Perez's employers within the meaning of the N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 2 and 651. Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiff Perez, controlled the terms and conditions of his employment, and determined the rates and methods of any compensation in exchange for his employment.
- 84. Defendants, in violation of NYLL § 652(1) and the supporting regulations of the New York State Department of Labor, paid Plaintiff Perez less than the minimum wage.

- 85. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff Perez the minimum wage was willful within the meaning of N.Y. Lab. Law § 663.
 - 86. Plaintiff Perez was damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE OVERTIME PROVISIONS

OF THE NEW YORK STATE LABOR LAW

- 87. Plaintiff Perez repeats and realleges all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 88. Defendants, in violation of N.Y. Lab. Law § 190 et seq., and supporting regulations of the New York State Department of Labor, failed to pay Plaintiff Perez overtime compensation at rates of one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a work week.
- 89. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff Perez overtime compensation was willful within the meaning of N.Y. Lab. Law § 663.
 - 90. Plaintiff Perez was damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE SPREAD OF HOURS WAGE ORDER

OF THE NEW YORK COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

- 91. Plaintiff Perez repeats and realleges all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 92. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff Perez one additional hour's pay at the basic minimum wage rate before allowances for each day Plaintiff Perez's spread of hours exceeded ten hours in violation of NYLL §§ 650 *et seq.* and 12 N.Y.C.R.R. §§ 146-1.6.

- 93. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff Perez an additional hour's pay for each day Plaintiff Perez's spread of hours exceeded ten hours was willful within the meaning of NYLL § 663.
 - 94. Plaintiff Perez was damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE NOTICE AND RECORDKEEPING

REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

- 95. Plaintiff Perez repeats and realleges all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 96. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff Perez with a written notice, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiff Perez's primary language), containing: the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage, including tip, meal, or lodging allowances; the regular pay day designated by the employer; the name of the employer; any "doing business as" names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; and the telephone number of the employer, as required by NYLL §195(1).
- 97. Defendants are liable to Plaintiff Perez in the amount of \$5,000, together with costs and attorneys' fees.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE WAGE STATEMENT PROVISIONS

OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

98. Plaintiff Perez repeats and realleges all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.

- 99. With each payment of wages, Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff Perez with an accurate statement listing each of the following: the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage; net wages; the regular hourly rate or rates of pay; the overtime rate or rates of pay; the number of regular hours worked; and the number of overtime hours worked, as required by NYLL 195(3).
- 100. Defendants are liable to Plaintiff Perez in the amount of \$5,000, together with costs and attorneys' fees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Perez respectfully requests that this Court enter judgment against Defendants by:

- (a) Designating this action as a collective action and authorizing prompt issuance of notice pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) to all putative class members apprising them of the pendency of this action, and permitting them to promptly file consents to be Plaintiffs in the FLSA claims in this action;
- (b) Declaring that Defendants violated the minimum wage provisions of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA as to Plaintiff Perez and the FLSA Class members;
- (c) Declaring that Defendants violated the overtime wage provisions of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA as to Plaintiff Perez and the FLSA Class members;

- (d) Declaring that Defendants violated the recordkeeping requirements of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA with respect to Plaintiff Perez's and the FLSA Class members' compensation, hours, wages, and any deductions or credits taken against wages;
- (e) Declaring that Defendants' violations of the provisions of the FLSA were willful as to Plaintiff Perez and the FLSA Class members;
- (f) Awarding Plaintiff Perez and the FLSA Class members damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage, overtime compensation, and damages for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages under the FLSA as applicable;
- (g) Awarding Plaintiff Perez and the FLSA Class members liquidated damages in an amount equal to 100% of his damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage and overtime compensation, and damages for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages under the FLSA as applicable pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);
- (h) Declaring that Defendants violated the minimum wage provisions of, and rules and orders promulgated under, the NYLL as to Plaintiff Perez;
- (i) Declaring that Defendants violated the overtime wage provisions of, and rules and orders promulgated under, the NYLL as to Plaintiff Perez;
- (j) Declaring that Defendants violated the spread-of-hours requirements of the NYLL and supporting regulations as to Plaintiff Perez;
- (k) Declaring that Defendants violated the notice and recordkeeping requirements of the NYLL with respect to Plaintiff Perez's compensation, hours, wages and any deductions or credits taken against wages;
- (l) Declaring that Defendants' violations of the provisions of the NYLL and spread of hours wage order were willful as to Plaintiff Perez;

Awarding Plaintiff Perez damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage and (m)

overtime compensation, and for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages, as well

as awarding spread of hours pay under the NYLL as applicable

Awarding Plaintiff Perez damages for Defendants' violation of the NYLL notice (n)

and recordkeeping provisions, pursuant to NYLL §§198(1-b), 198(1-d);

(o) Awarding Plaintiff Perez liquidated damages in an amount equal to one hundred

percent (100%) of the total amount of minimum wage, overtime compensation, and spread of hours

pay shown to be owed pursuant to NYLL § 663 as applicable; and liquidated damages pursuant to

NYLL § 198(3);

Awarding Plaintiff Perez and the FLSA Class members pre-judgment and post-(p)

judgment interest as applicable;

(q) Awarding Plaintiff Perez and the FLSA Class members the expenses incurred in

this action, including costs and attorneys' fees;

Providing that if any amounts remain unpaid upon the expiration of ninety days (r)

following issuance of judgment, or ninety days after expiration of the time to appeal and no appeal

is then pending, whichever is later, the total amount of judgment shall automatically increase by

fifteen percent, as required by NYLL § 198(4); and

All such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper. (s)

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff Perez demands a trial by jury on all issues triable by a jury.

Dated: New York, New York

October 25, 2021

MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

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By: /s/ Michael Faillace
Michael Faillace [MF-8436]

60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165 Telephone: (212) 317-1200

Facsimile: (212) 317-1620
Attorneys for Plaintiff

Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C.

Employment and Litigation Attorneys

60 E 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165 Faillace@employmentcomplieance.com Telephone: (212) 317-1200 Facsimile: (212) 317-1620

October 19, 2021

Name / Nombre:	Richard Perez	
I hereby consent to join this lawsuit as (Yo, por medio de este documento, demanda como uno de los demanda	doy mi consentimiento	para formar parte de la
TO: Clerk of Court,		
BY ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE		

Legal Representative / Abogado:

Date / Fecha:

19 de octubre de 2021

Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C.